# Scanner thoracique Anatomie du thorax en coupes

**B**: Coupes Axiales

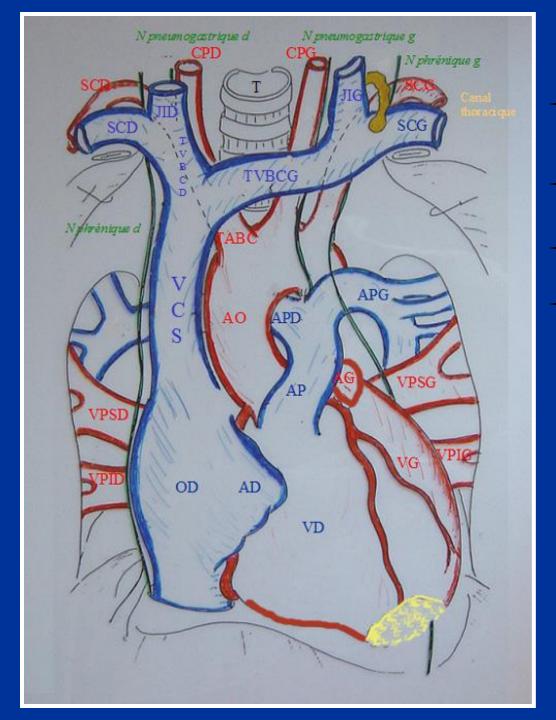
## Marie-France CARETTE

Service de Radiologie - Hôpital Tenon

UFR Saint Antoine - GHU est

Université Pierre et Marie Curie

Paris – France



#### Coupe / 4 vaisseaux artériels = T2

Coupe / 3 vaisseaux artériels = T3

Coupe / 2 crosses (aorte et azygos) = T4

Coupe / Carène et AP dt et g = T5

Coupe / Atrium G = T6 T7

Coupe / 4 cavités = T8

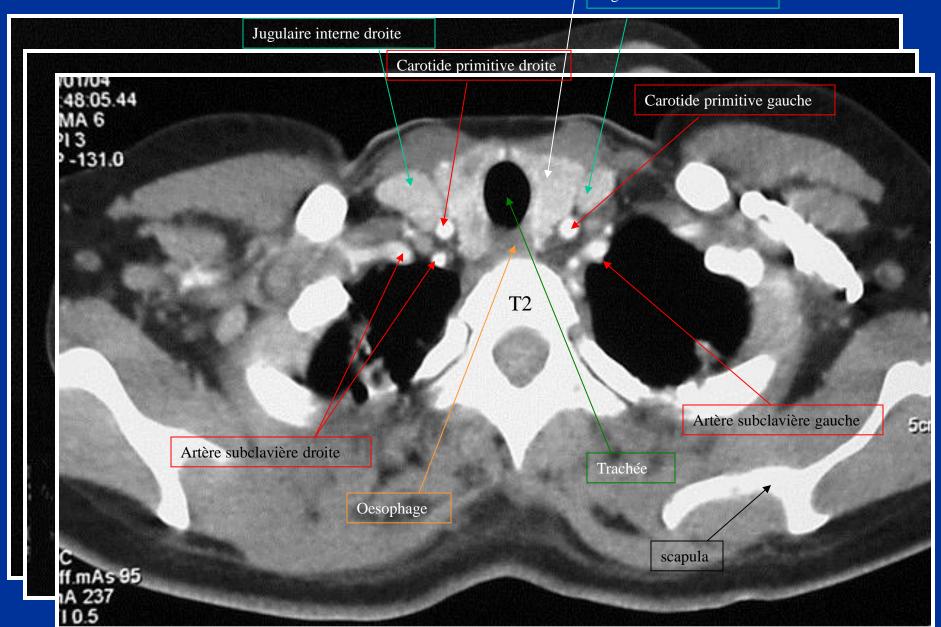
#### Coupe / orifice VCI = T9

Coupe / Hiatus Oesophagien = T10 Croisement des piliers = T11 Coupe / Orifice aortique = T12 / L1 Piliers du diaphragme : G=L2 / D=L3

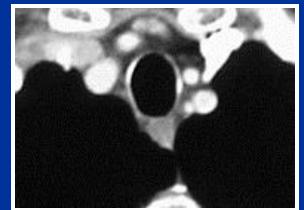
#### Coupe par 4 vaisseaux artériels

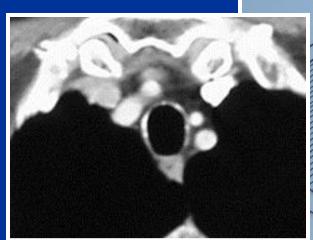
Thyroïde

Jugulaire interne droite



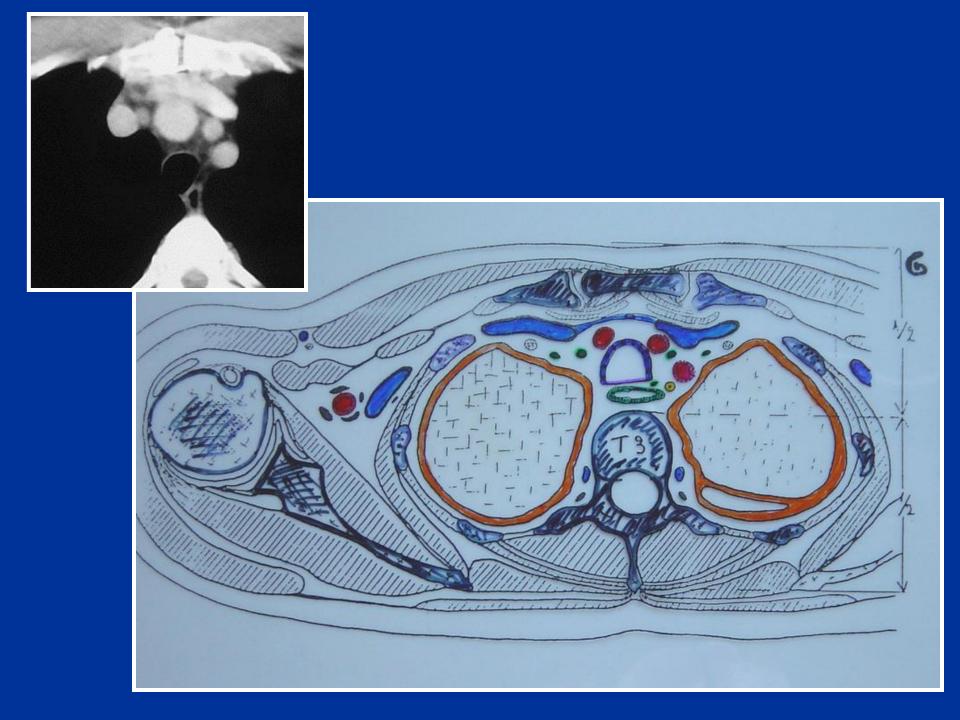


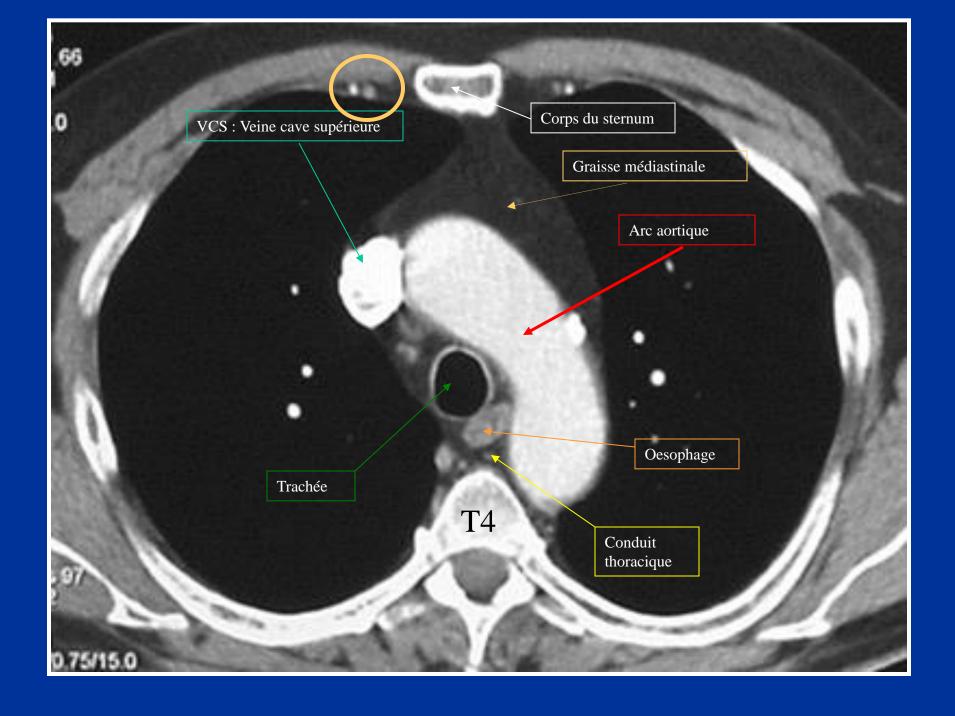


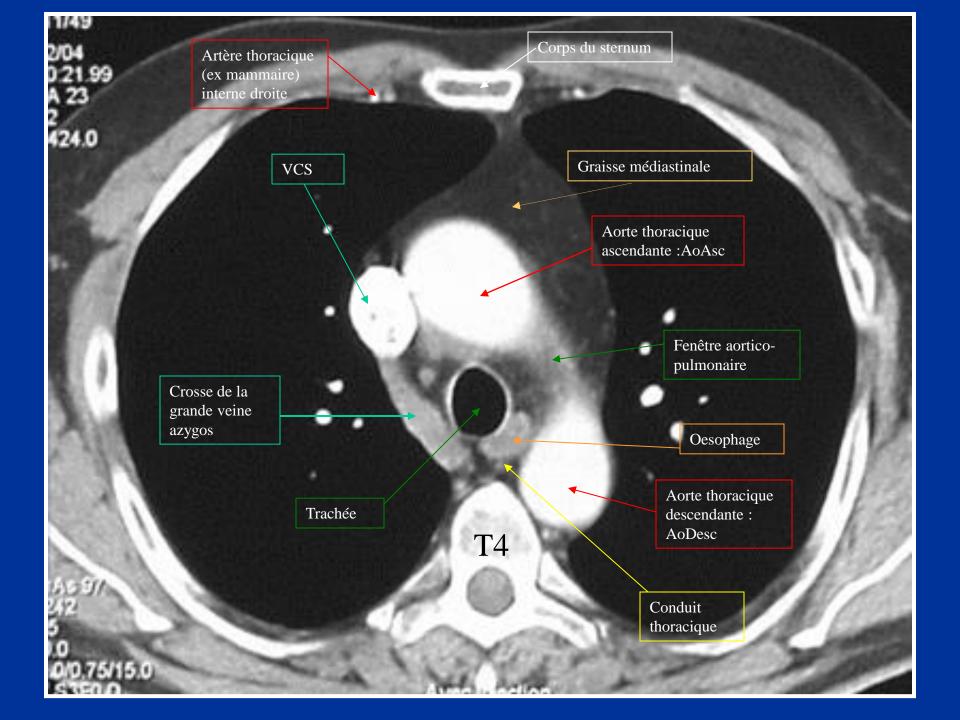


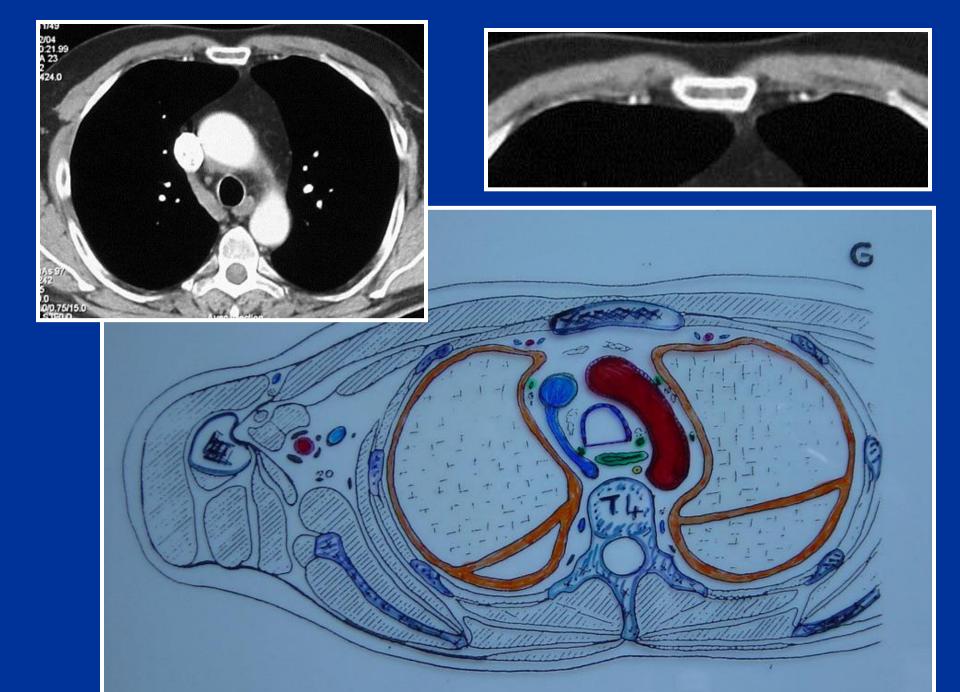


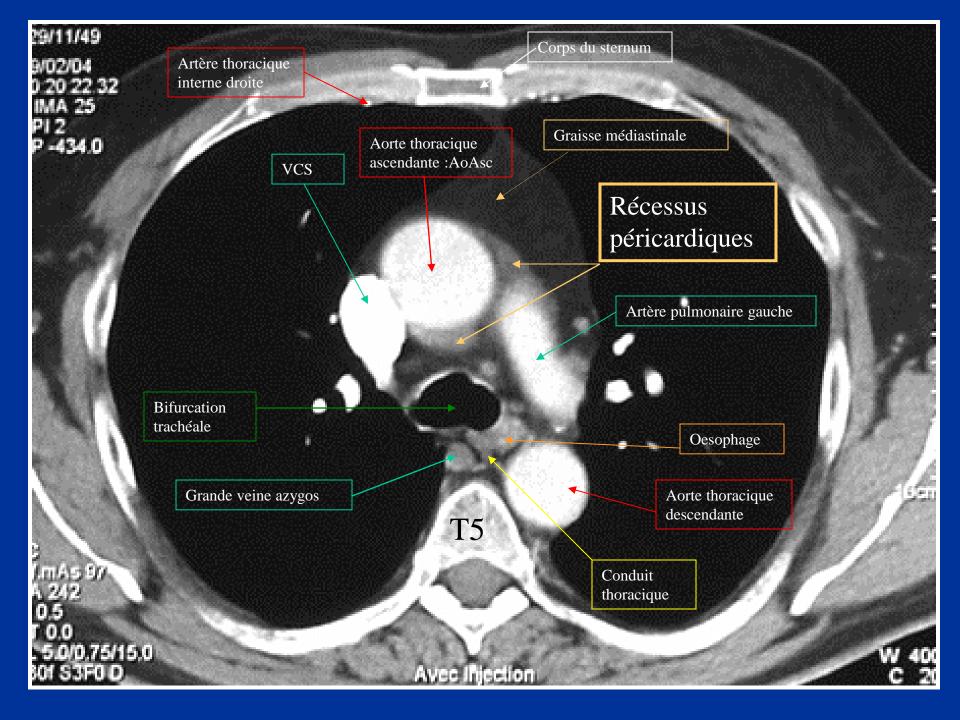
Manubrium sternal Tronc veineux Tronc veineux brachiocéphalique droit brachiocéphalique gauche Carotide primitive gauche Tronc artériel brachiocéphalique Artère subclavière gauche Trachée Oesophage

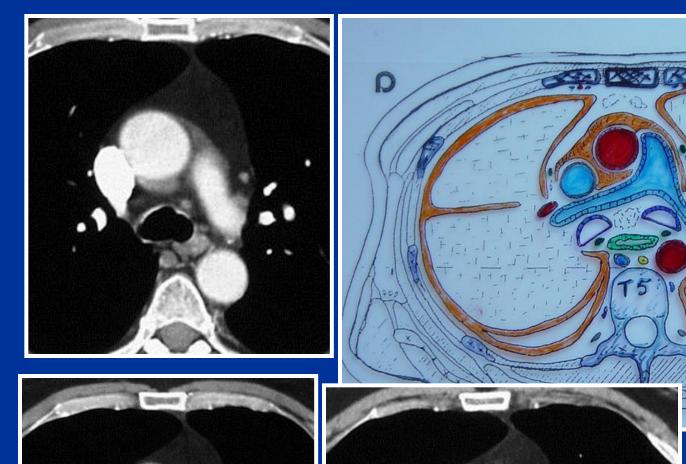


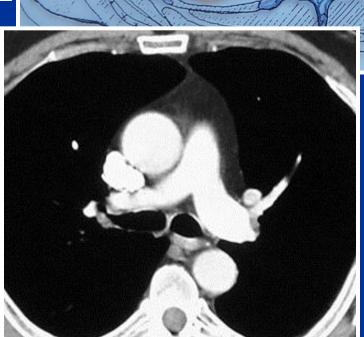




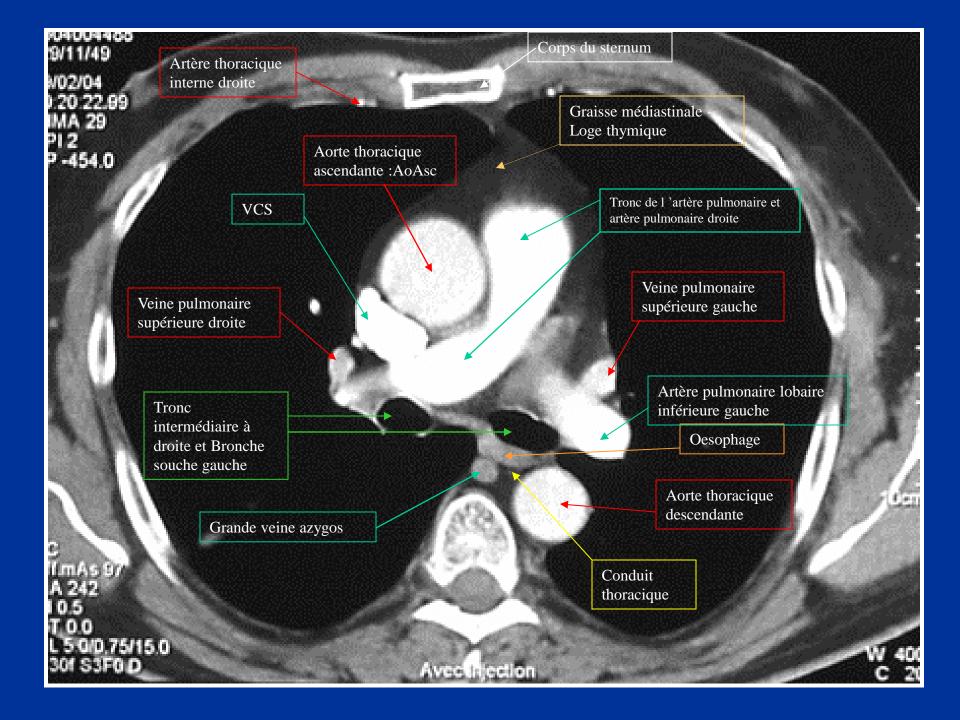


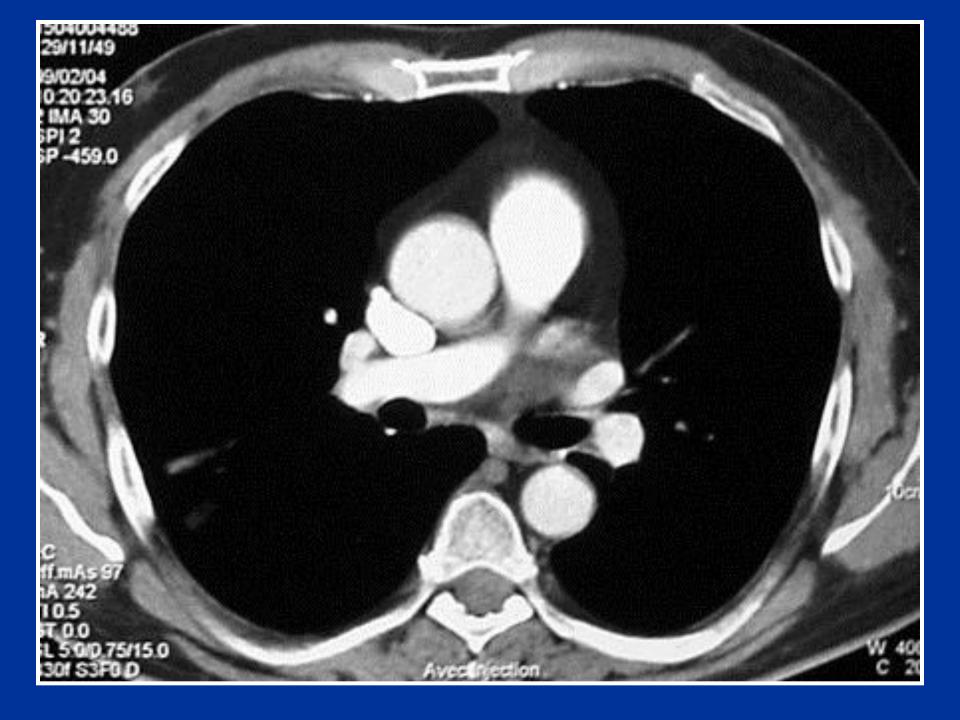


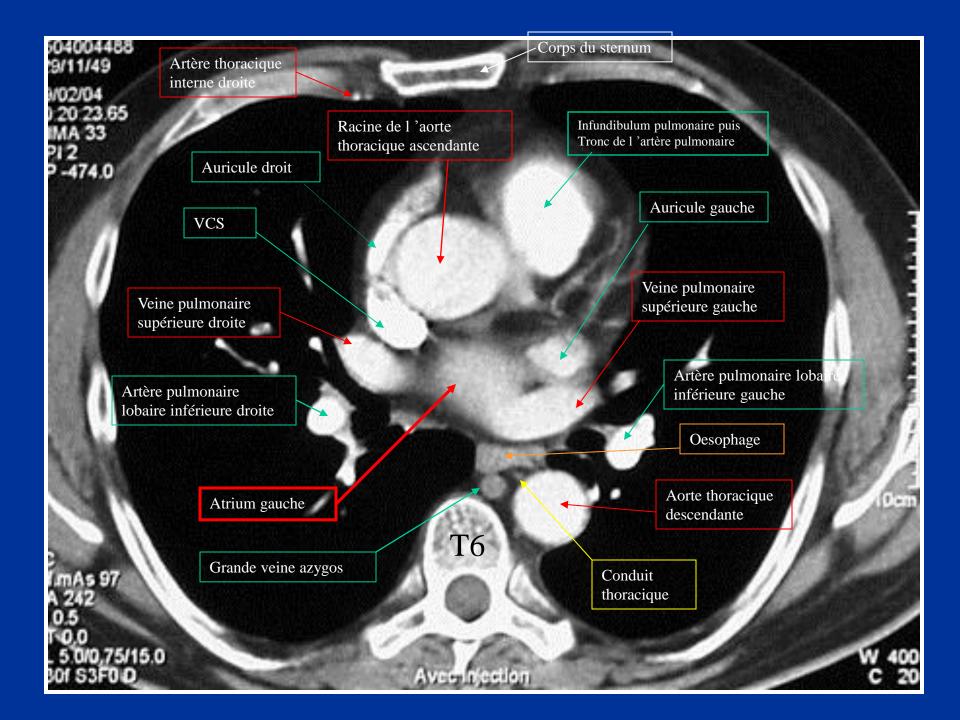


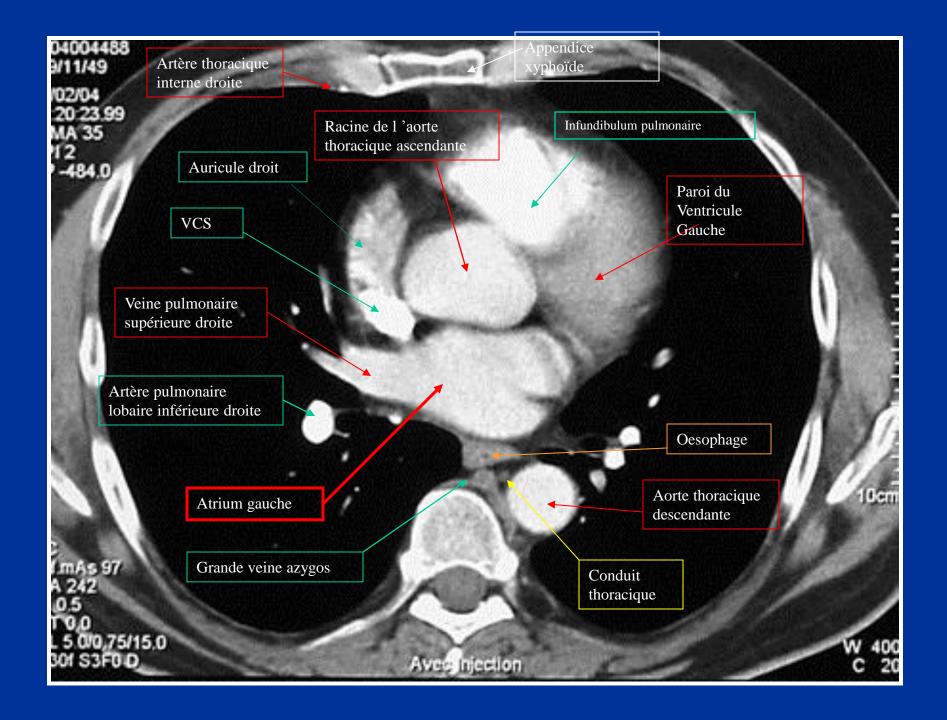


G

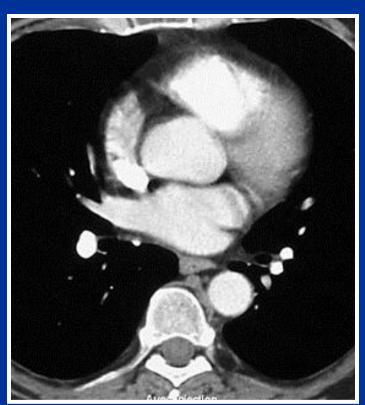




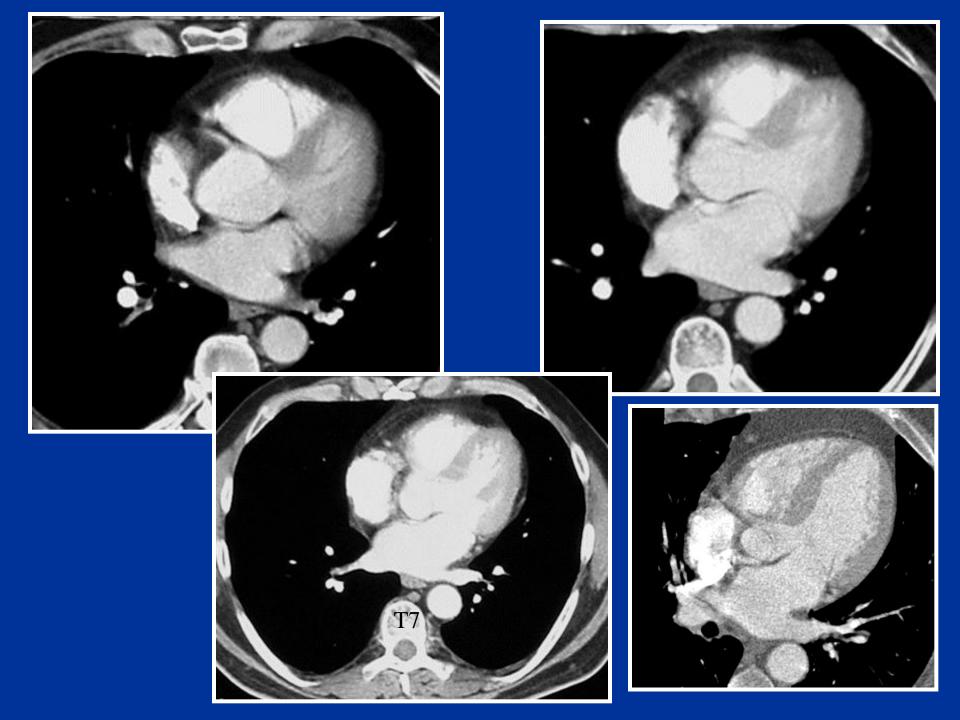


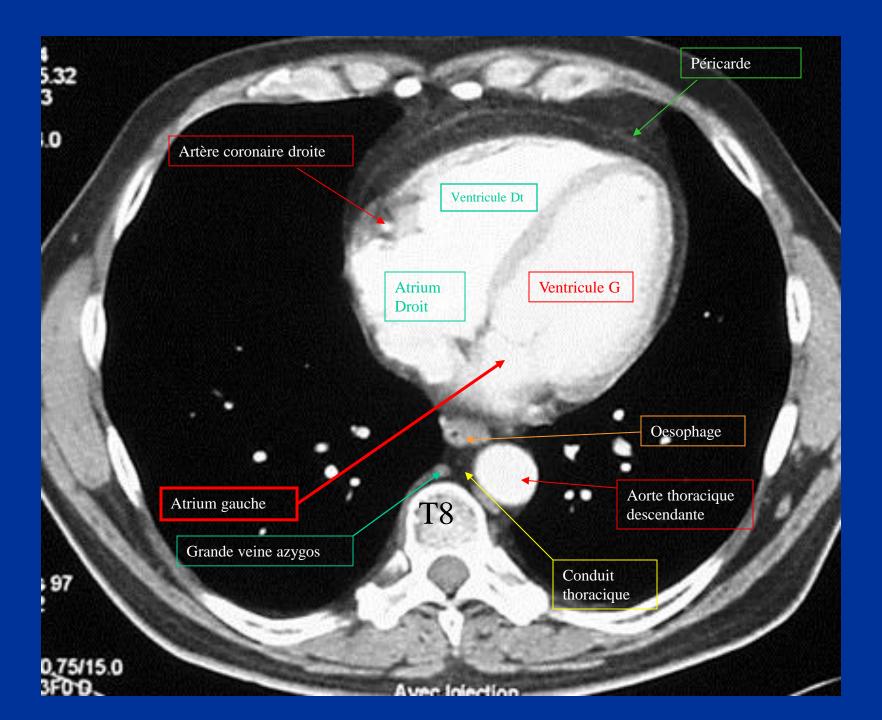


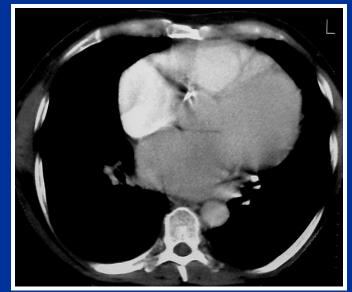


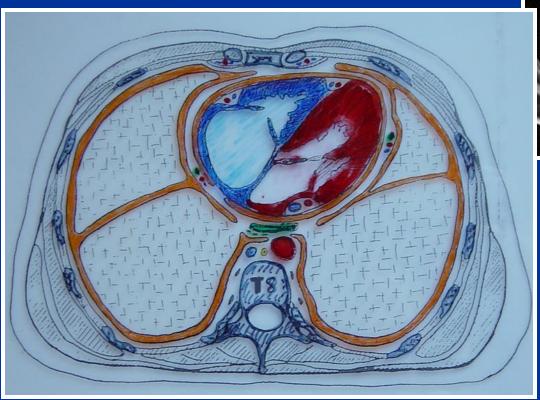




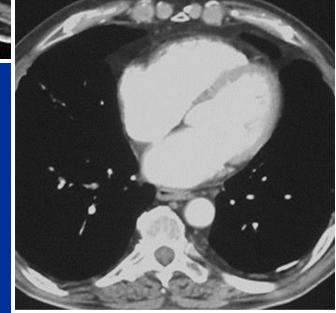


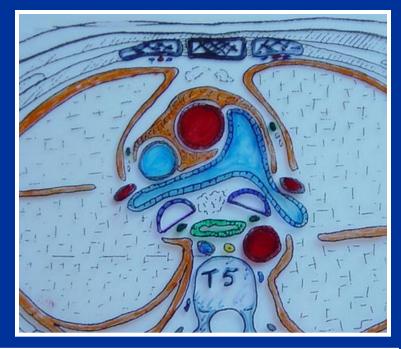


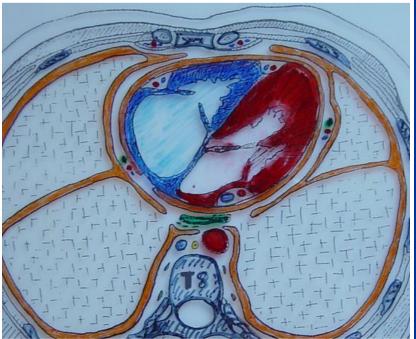


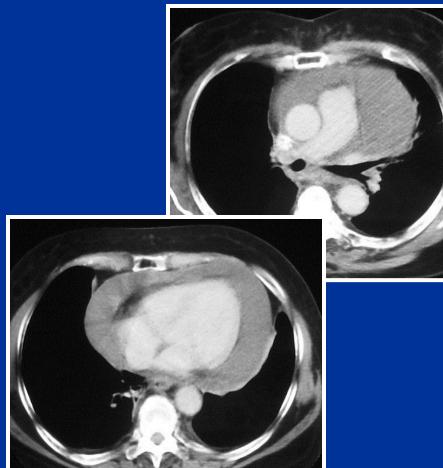




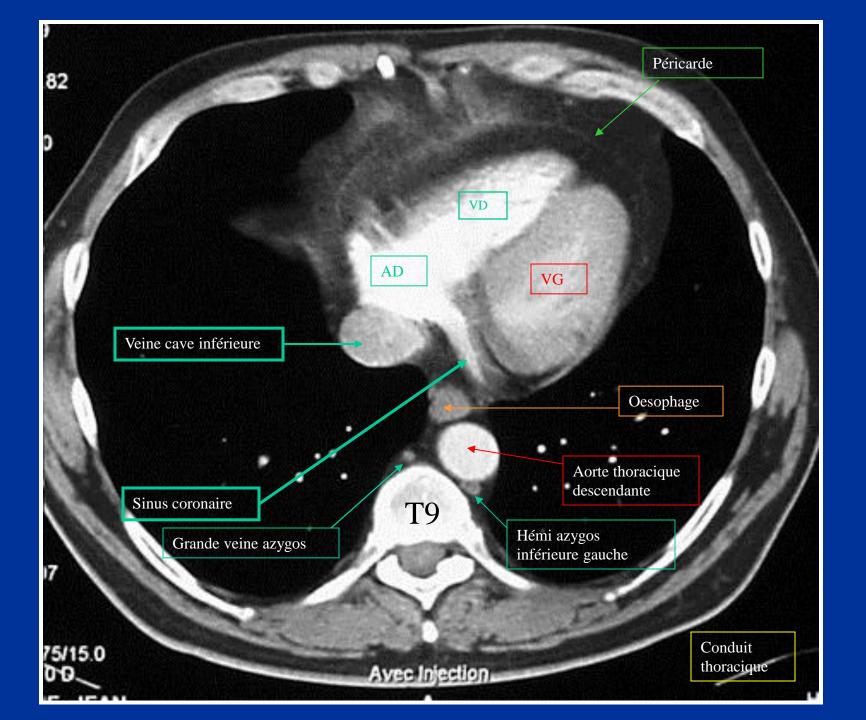


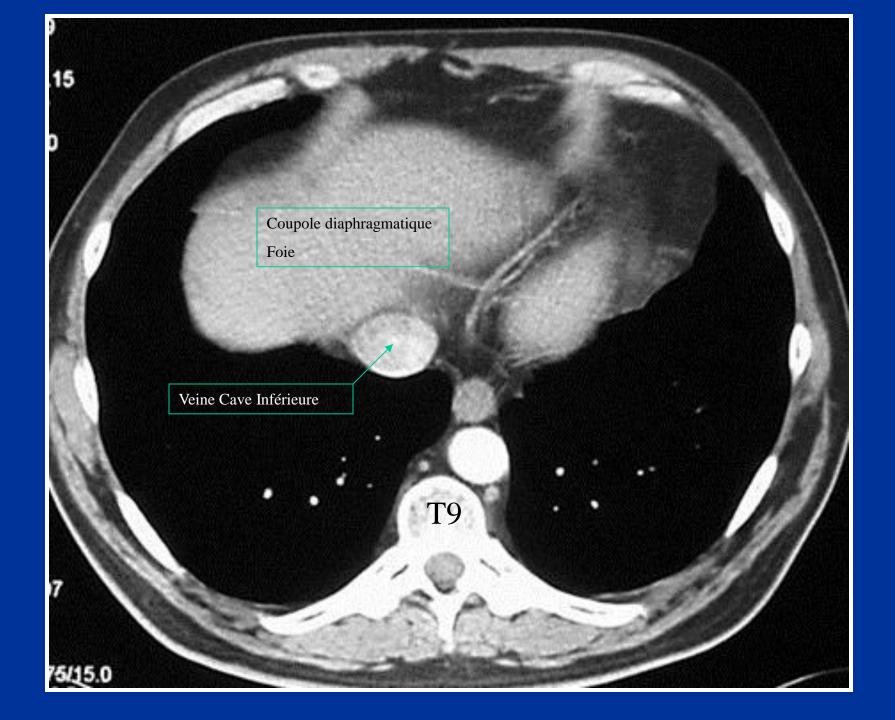


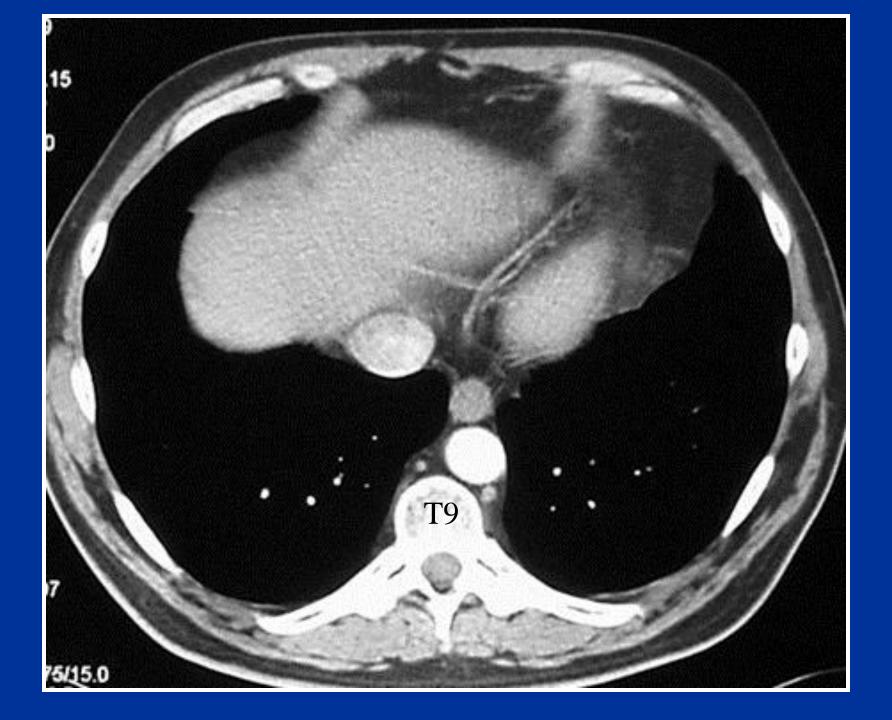


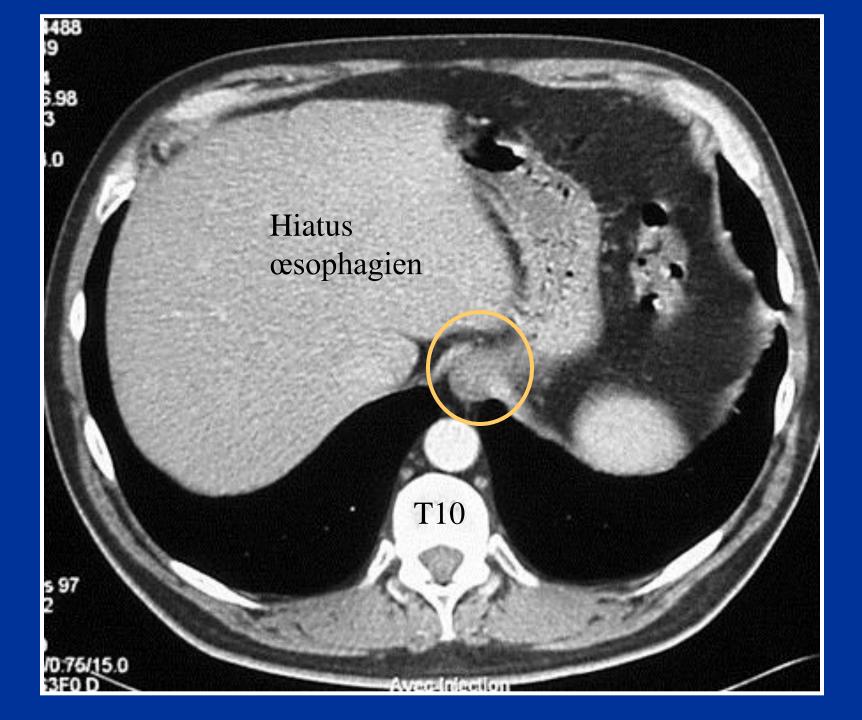


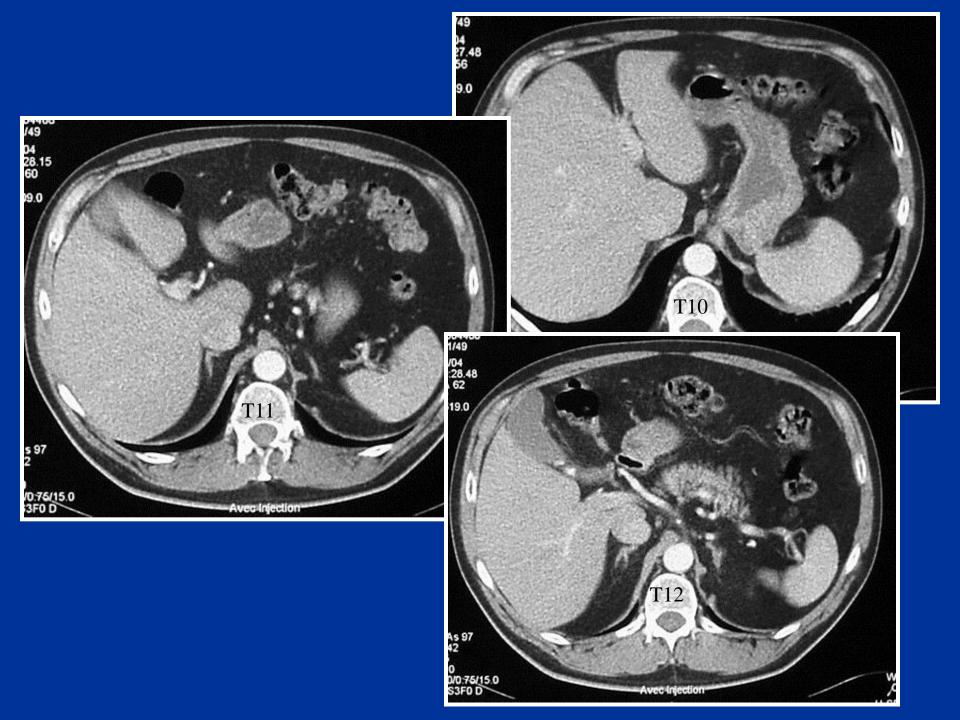
Péricarde

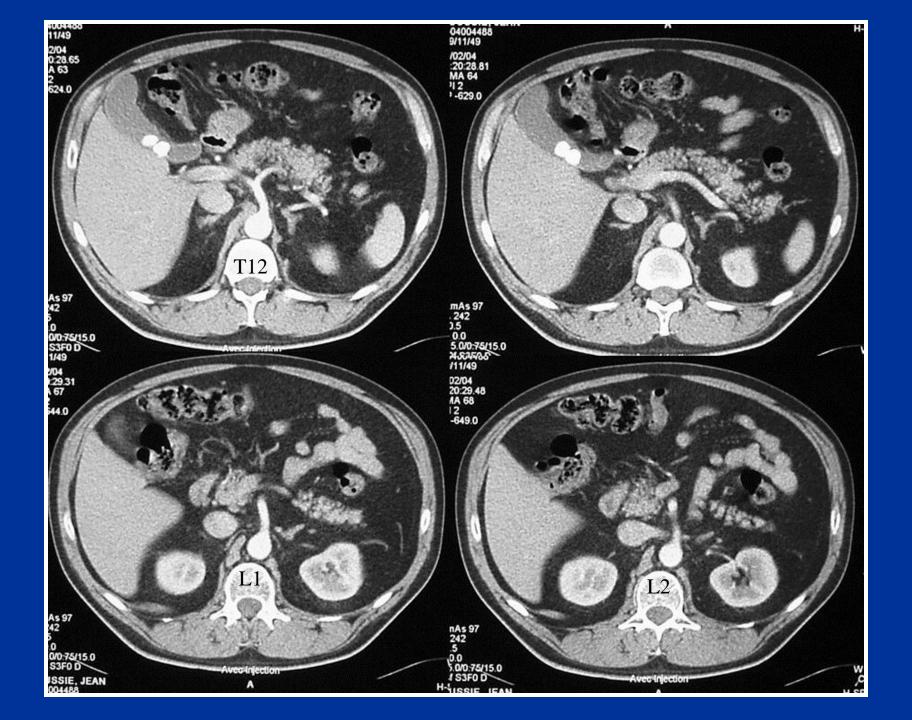


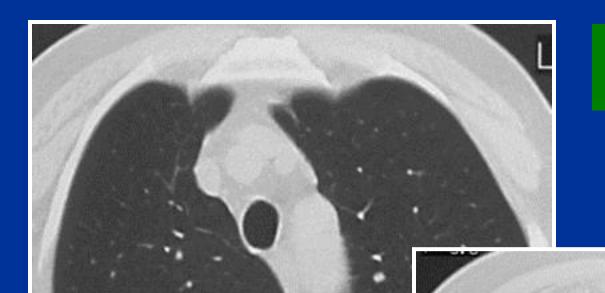










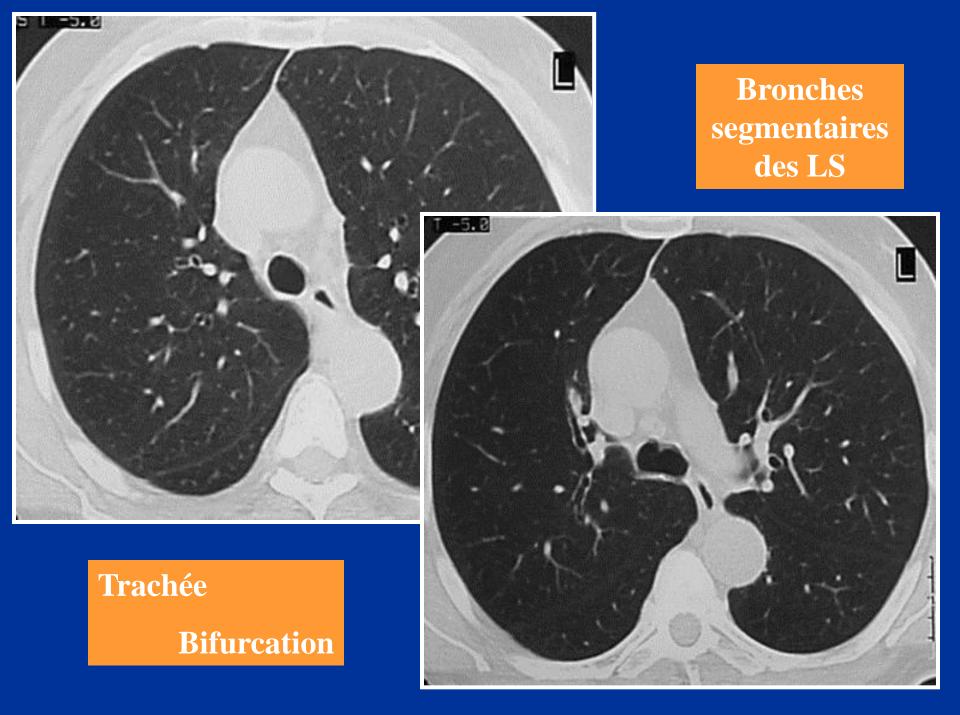


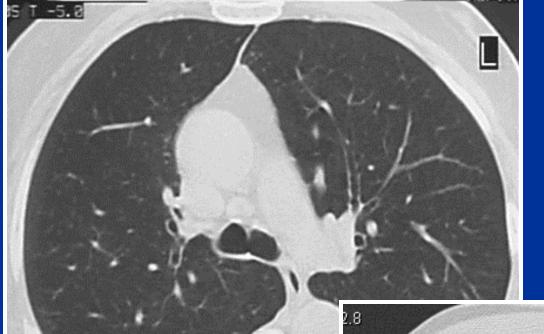
### Fenêtre parenchymateuse

Trachée

Coupe épaisse

**Coupe fine** 



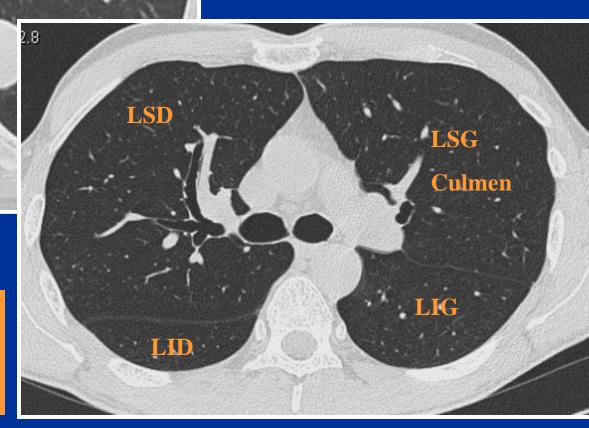


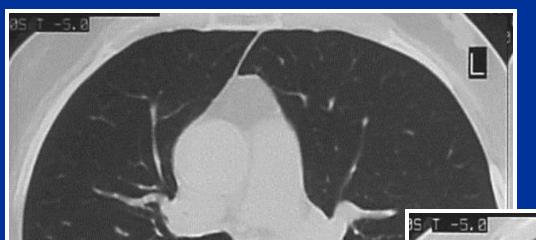
Bronche lobaire supérieure droite et B1,2,3

Br. culminale



Les 2 bronches souches ou principales

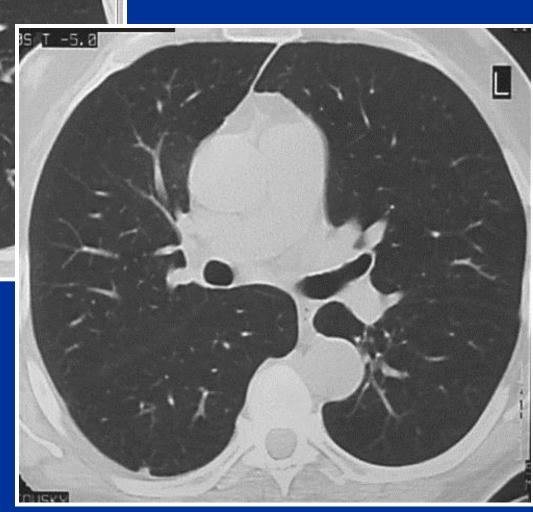


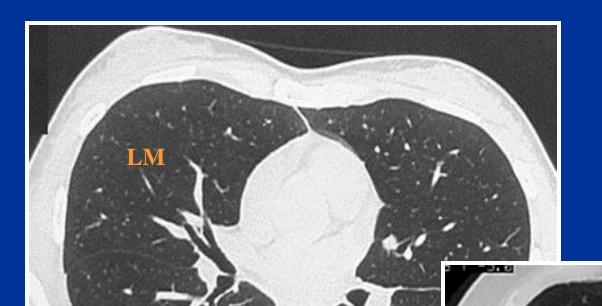


Br. Souche gauche, LSG et lingulaire

Br. souche droite et br. lobaire supérieure droite

Tronc intermédiaire





Br. Lobaire inférieure gauche

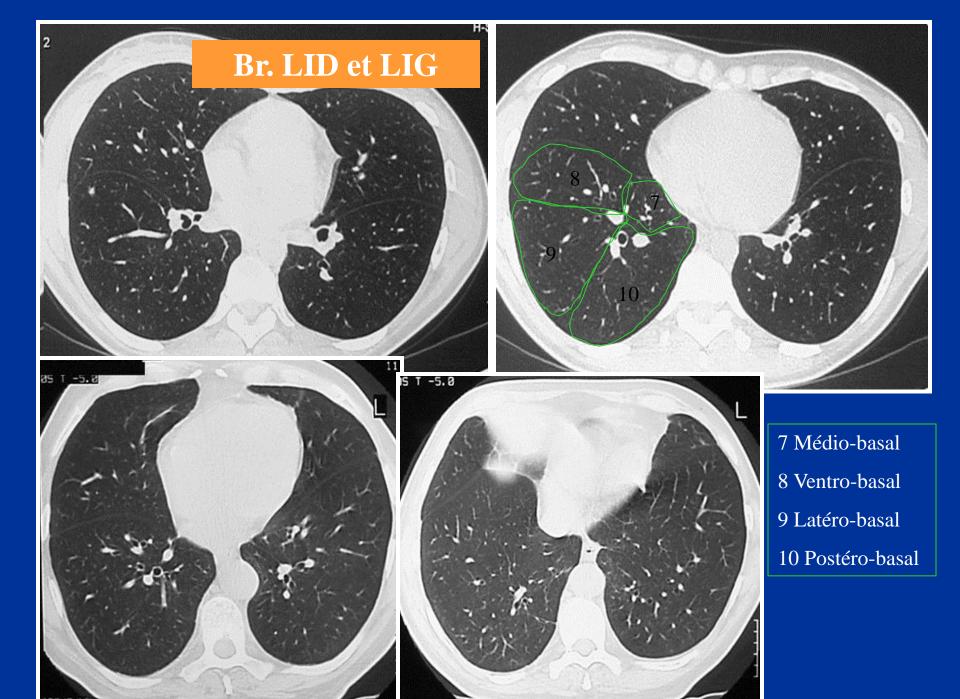
LSG

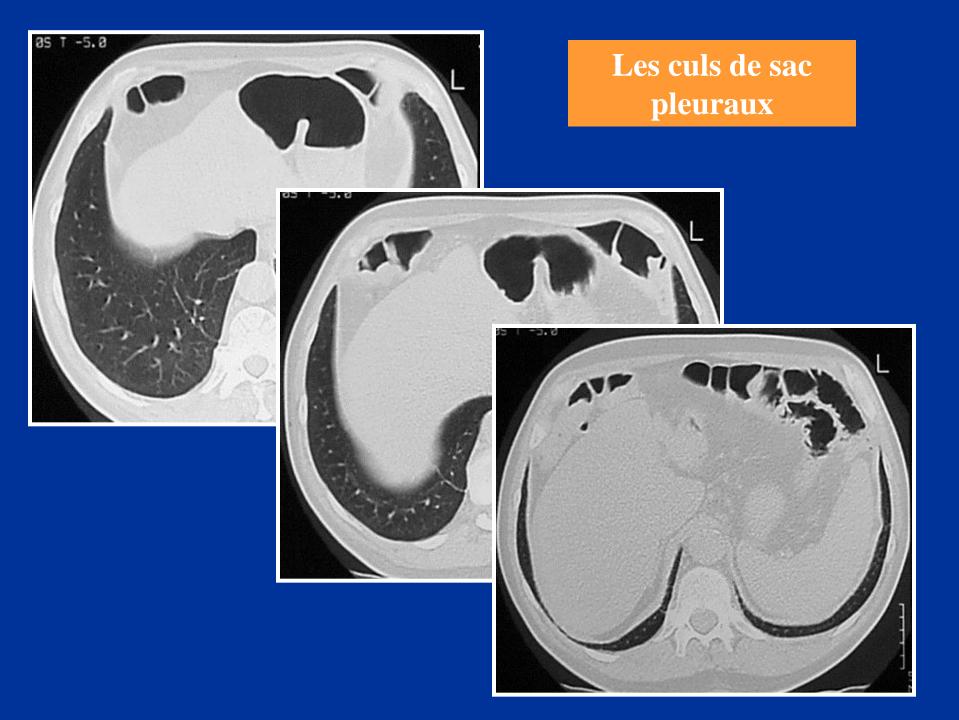
Lingula

Bronche lobaire moyenne les segmentaires B4 et B5 en avant.

Éperon lobaire

moven





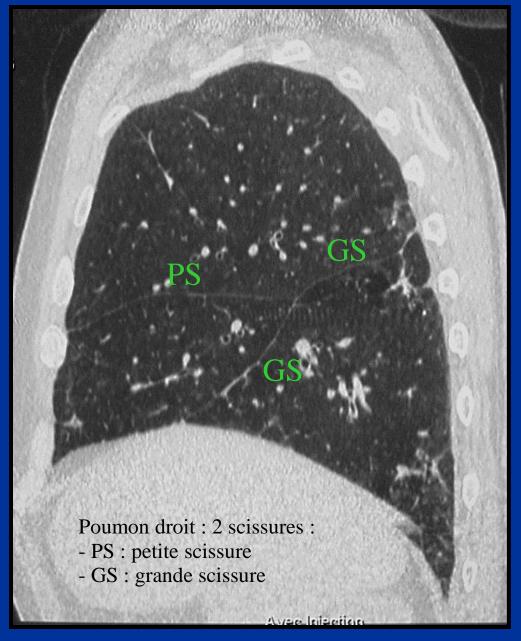


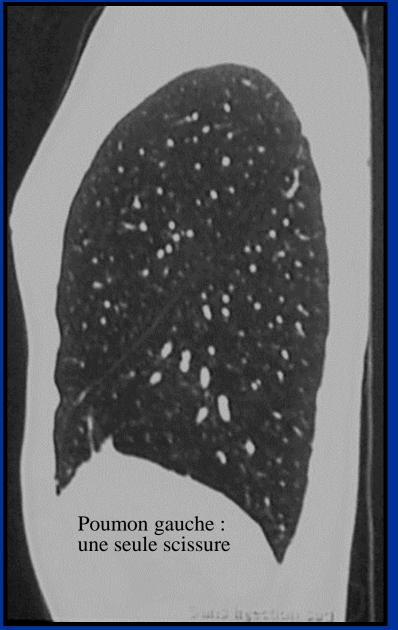
Les scissures
visibles
en coupes fines

La plèvre pariétale ne se voit pas normalement



#### **MPR**: Multi Planar Reformation => Reconstruction sagittale



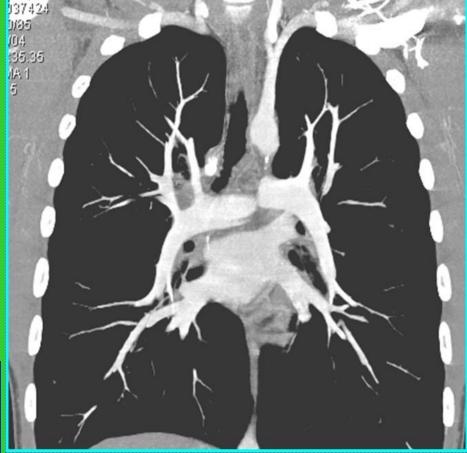


### **MPR**: reconstruction coronale

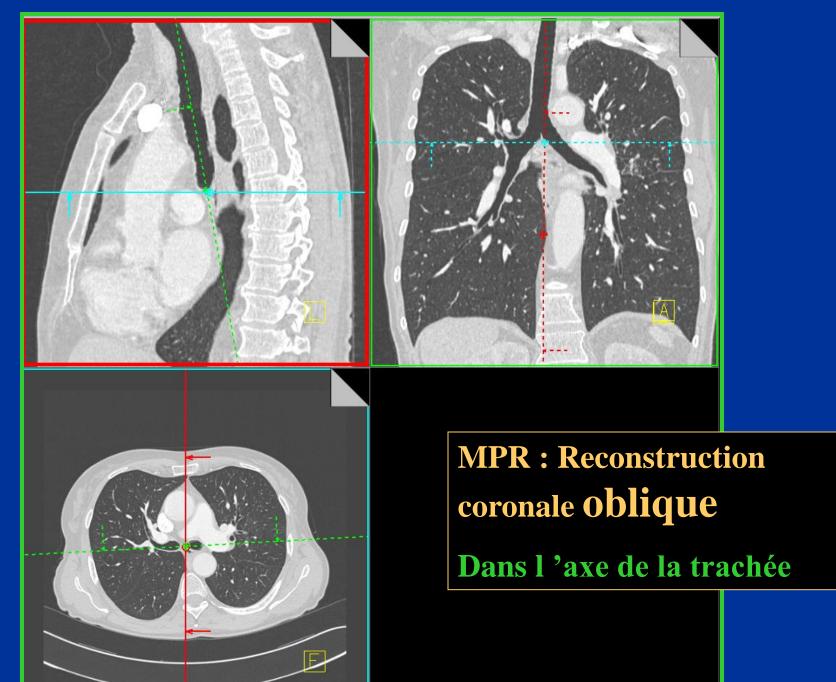
**UH: Unités Hounsfield** 



Fenêtre médiastinale niveau: 40 UH; largeur: 400 UH

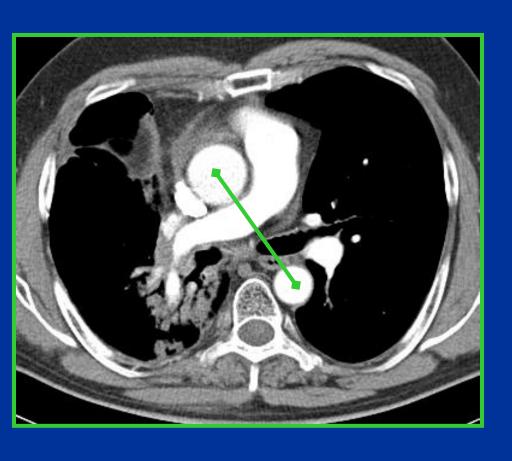


Fenêtre parenchymateuse niveau: - 600 UH; largeur: 1600 UH



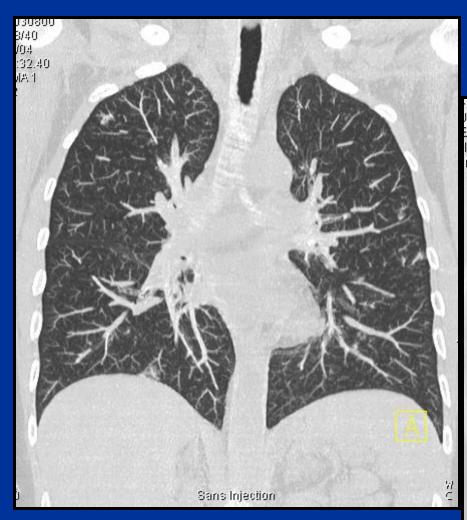
MPR : Reconstruction sagittale oblique)

Dans l'axe de la crosse de l'aorte





## MIP: Maximal Intensité Projection



MIP épais On approche de la RT



MIP fin